June 10, 2019

Dear Representative:

The Coalition for a Democratic Workplace (CDW) urges the House reject the Protecting the Right to Organize (PRO) Act, H.R. 2474. In an attempt to increase union membership at any cost, the bill would make radical changes to well-established law, diminish employees’ rights to privacy and association, destroy businesses, and threaten entire industries that have fueled innovation, entrepreneurship and job creation. CDW strongly opposes this bill.

CDW is a broad-based coalition of hundreds of organizations representing hundreds of thousands of employers and millions of employees in various industries across the country concerned with a long-standing effort by some in the labor movement to make radical changes to the National Labor Relations Act without regard to the severely negative impact they would have on employees, employers and the economy. CDW was originally formed in 2005 in opposition to the so-called Employee Free Choice Act (EFCA)—a bill similar to the PRO Act—that would have stripped employees of the right to secret ballots in union representation elections and allowed arbitrators to set contract terms regardless of the consequence to workers or businesses.

Like EFCA, the PRO Act contains provisions that would allow arbitrators with no business experience and no accountability to set contract terms. The arbitrator’s decision would be compulsory, regardless of whether the parties find the terms unacceptable or the arbitrator miscalculated what the company can actually afford. In fact, this type of binding arbitration in the public sector has been blamed for multiple municipal bankruptcies and for fueling the public sector pension crisis. Many states and municipalities have taken steps to eliminate or curb arbitrator authority in the wake of fiscally irresponsible arbitrator decisions. Unlike the public sector, private employers go out of business, and the PRO Act does not provide any recourse to employers and employees if the arbitrator’s forced contract terms result in job loss or business closure.

The bill would also codify into law the controversial Browning-Ferris Industries joint-employer standard, exposing nearly every business relationship to liability for unlawful behavior committed by any entity with which they do business, such as contractors, suppliers, and franchisees. Out of fear of this increased responsibility, larger corporations will either hold back on assisting their franchisees, contractors, or suppliers, impose far more control over them, abandon the franchise model, or cease outsourcing work to smaller, more specialized businesses; in any of these circumstances, small business owners will feel the negative repercussions of this policy change, and the American dream will be far more difficult to achieve.

Similarly, the PRO Act would greatly narrow the circumstances under which an individual can work as an independent contractor, thus substantially diminishing opportunities for Americans to find flexible ways to earn money on their schedule or start their own business. The provision threatens many opportunities in the gig economy and more traditional independent contractor roles.
Unfortunately, the bill also contains many provisions that strip workers of essential rights. Most importantly, the PRO Act limits employees’ ability to choose or reject union representation through secret ballots, which was also a key provision in EFCA. Secret ballots are a vital component of a functioning democracy, but the PRO Act vastly increases the circumstances under which the government could impose union representation despite employees voting against such representation in a secret ballot election. The bill attempts to justify disregarding the election results by making the government-imposed union representation contingent on the fact that at some point in the past a majority of employees signed “authorization cards.” This is known as “card check,” a concept that was rightly rejected by Congress during the debate on EFCA. As members of Congress understood then, card check is no substitution for a secret ballot election. The process of collecting cards is a public one that is innately susceptible to coercion—where union organizers present employees with cards to sign in front of coworkers. Organizers are then free to share with employees who has or has not signed cards, needlessly exposing workers to intimidation and possibly harassment.

The PRO Act also violates employees’ rights to privacy and association. The bill mandates employers provide the contact information for all employees without prior approval from the employees themselves to union organizers. Employees would not be able to opt out of this requirement and would not have a say in what, if any, contact information is provided, again exposing workers to potential harassment. The bill also eliminates Right-to-Work protections nationwide, including in the twenty-seven states that have passed Right-to-Work laws, forcing workers to fund union activity they do not support.

Finally, employers’ due process rights are entirely disregarded by the bill. Under the PRO Act employers would not be able to challenge union misconduct during union elections, their right to counsel on complex labor laws would be practically eliminated, and secondary boycotts would be permitted, allowing unions to target neutral third parties and cause them economic injury even if those entities have no underlying labor dispute with the union.

This letter outlines only some of the nefarious provisions the PRO Act imposes on the American workforce. This bill tramples on rights and ignores the consequences of dangerous policies on our economy. CDW urges the House to reject emphatically and unequivocally this bill.

Sincerely,

The Coalition for a Democratic Workplace

Agricultural Retailers Association
Air Conditioning Contractors of America
Alabama Retail Association
American Bakers Association
American Foundry Society
American Home Furnishings Alliance
American Hotel & Lodging Association
American Pipeline Contractors Association
American Rental Association
American Seniors Housing Association
American Staffing Association
American Supply Association
American Trucking Associations
Argentum
Arizona Builders Alliance
Arizona Retailers Association
Arkansas Hospitality Association
Arkansas State Chamber of Commerce
Asian American Hotel Owners Association
Associated Builders and Contractors
Associated Builders and Contractors Central Texas Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors Cornhusker Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors Florida East Coast Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors Georgia Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors Greater Michigan Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors Greater Tennessee Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors Hawaii Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors Illinois Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors Indiana/Kentucky Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors Inland Pacific Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors New Orleans/Bayou Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors North Alabama Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors North Florida Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors Northern Ohio Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors of Louisiana
Associated Builders and Contractors of Ohio
Associated Builders and Contractors Pelican Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors Rhode Island Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors South Texas Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors West Virginia Chapter
Associated Builders and Contractors Western Pennsylvania Chapter
Associated Equipment Distributors
Associated General Contractors
Associated Industries of Arkansas, Inc.
California Business Properties Association
California Retailers Association
Capital Associated Industries, Inc.
Center for the Defense of Free Enterprise
Coalition of Franchisee Associations
Colorado Chamber of Commerce
Consumer Technology Association
Employers Coalition of North Carolina
Farm Equipment Manufacturers Association
Florida Retail Federation
Food Marketing Institute
Franchise Business Services
Georgia Retail Association
Global Cold Chain Alliance
HR Policy Association
Idaho Lodging & Restaurant Association
Idaho Retailers Association
Illinois Chamber of Commerce
Independent Electrical Contractors
Independent Electrical Contractors Central Ohio
Independent Electrical Contractors Chesapeake
Independent Electrical Contractors Midwest
Independent Electrical Contractors of Arizona
Independent Electrical Contractors of Atlanta
Independent Electrical Contractors of Central Indiana
Independent Electrical Contractors of Central Pennsylvania
Independent Electrical Contractors of Georgia
Independent Electrical Contractors of Greater Cincinnati
Independent Electrical Contractors of Greater St. Louis
Independent Electrical Contractors of Montana
Independent Electrical Contractors of Northwest Pennsylvania
Independent Electrical Contractors of Oklahoma City
Independent Electrical Contractors of Texas
Independent Electrical Contractors Rocky Mountain
Independent Electrical Contractors San Antonio Chapter
Independent Electrical Contractors Southern Colorado Chapter
Indiana Retail Council
Industrial Fasteners Institute
Interlocking Concrete Pavement Institute
International Council of Shopping Centers
International Foodservice Distributors Association
International Franchise Association
International Sign Association
International Warehouse Logistics Association
Iowa Association of Business and Industry
Kentucky-Indiana Automotive Wholesalers
Littler Workplace Policy Institute
Louisiana Retailers Association
Manufacturer & Business Association
Maryland Retailers Association
Material Handling Equipment Distributors Association
Metals Service Center Institute
Minnesota Grocers Association
Minnesota Retailers Association
Missouri Retailers Association
Motor & Equipment Manufacturers Association
National Apartment Association
National Association of Chemical Distributors
National Association of Home Builders
National Association of Manufacturers
National Association of Wholesaler-Distributors
National Club Association
National Council of Chain Restaurants
National Demolition Association
National Federation of Independent Business
National Franchisee Association
National Grocers Association
National Lumber and Building Material Dealers Association
National Marine Distributors Association
National Multifamily Housing Council
National Pest Management Association
National Precast Concrete Association
National Ready Mixed Concrete Association
National Restaurant Association
National Retail Federation
National Small Business Association
National Tooling and Machining Association
Nebraska Retail Federation
Nevada Manufacturers Association
New Jersey Independent Electrical Contractors
North American Die Casting Association
Ohio Equipment Distributors Association
Outdoor Power Equipment and Engine Service Association
Plastics Industry Association
Power and Communication Contractors Association
Precision Machined Products Association
Precision Metalforming Association
Printing Industries of America
Retail Association of Maine
Retail Association of Nevada
Retail Industry Leaders Association
SNAC International
Texas Retailers Association
The Employers Association
TRSA – The Linen, Uniform and Facility Services Association
Truck Renting and Leasing Association
Tucson Metro Chamber
United Equipment Dealers Association
United Motorcoach Association
Virginia Trucking Association
Washington Retail Association
WCI, Inc.
Workforce Fairness Institute